

Wednesday 14 October 2020 – Morning

AS Level English Literature

H072/02 Drama and prose post-1900

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes



You must have:

• the OCR 12-page Answer Book et

INSTRUCTIONS

- · Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- · Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer one guestion in Section 1 and one in Section 2.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- · This document has 12 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

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Section 1 - Drama

Noel Coward: Private Lives
Tennessee Williams: A Streetcar Named Desire
Harold Pinter: The Homecoming
Alan Bennett: The History Boys
Polly Stenham: That Face
Jez Butterworth: Jerusalem

Answer one question from this section. You should spend 45 minutes on this section.

1 Noel Coward: Private Lives

Either

(a) 'The play is less about loving than point-scoring.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this view of *Private Lives*?

[30]

Or

(b) 'When you behave badly in this play you must do it with style. Victor and Sybil never quite learn this.'

In the light of this comment, discuss the roles of Victor and Sybil in *Private Lives*. [30]

2 Tennessee Williams: A Streetcar Named Desire

Either

(a) 'The play shows sexuality to be essentially a destructive force.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this view of A Streetcar Named Desire? [30]

Or

(b) 'The sisters are portrayed more as friends than rivals.'

In the light of this comment, discuss the roles of Stella and Blanche in A Streetcar Named Desire. [30]

3 Harold Pinter: The Homecoming

Either

(a) 'The Homecoming unites two classic themes: power and sex.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this view of *The Homecoming*?

[30]

Or

(b) 'This play offers not one disruptive outsider but two: Ruth and Teddy.'

In the light of this comment discuss the roles of Ruth and Teddy in *The Homecoming*.

[30]

4 Alan Bennett: The History Boys

Either

(a) 'The play shows education to be about opportunities, not rewards.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this comment on *The History Boys*?

[30]

Or

(b) 'He tries to lead others, but scarcely knows himself.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this view of the role of Irwin in The History Boys?

[30]

5 Polly Stenham: That Face

Either

(a) 'The characters of That Face are most afraid of failure.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this view of *That Face*?

[30]

Or

(b) 'It is not easy to be a man in the world of *That Face*.'

In the light of this comment, discuss the roles of Henry and Hugh in *That Face*.

[30]

6 Jez Butterworth: Jerusalem

Either

(a) 'Butterworth's title is surely ironic. No-one could build Blake's paradise in the England of this play.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this view of *Jerusalem*?

[30]

Or

(b) 'Ginger's loyalty to Rooster and Davey's criticisms of him is a significant part of the play.'

How far and in what ways do you agree with this view of the roles of Ginger and Davey in *Jerusalem*? [30]

Section 2 - Prose

F Scott Fitzgerald: The Great Gatsby

Angela Carter: The Bloody Chamber and Other Stories
George Orwell: Nineteen Eighty-Four
Virginia Woolf: Mrs Dalloway

Mohsin Hamid: The Reluctant Fundamentalist

Answer **one** question from this section. You should spend 1 hour on this section and it is recommended that you spend 15 minutes reading the question and the unseen passage.

7 F Scott Fitzgerald: The Great Gatsby

Discuss ways in which Fitzgerald presents differences between social classes in *The Great Gatsby*.

In your answer you should make connections and comparisons with the following passage, from a novel in which members of the New York establishment gather in the mid nineteen-twenties to present an award to the best bricklayer on a skyscraper job. [30]

P di Donato, 'Christ in Concrete', page unknown, Signet Classic, 1939. Item removed due to third party copyright restrictions.

Pietro di Donato, from *Christ in Concrete* (1939)

8 Angela Carter: The Bloody Chamber and Other Stories

Discuss ways in which Carter explores transformation in *The Bloody Chamber and Other Stories*.

In your answer you should select material from the whole text and make connections and comparisons with the following passage, an extract from a short story in which a wolf-wife discovers that her wolf-husband is actually a were-wolf, and can transform into a human. [30]

O K Le Guin,	e to third party copyrig	tht restrictions.	iins, 1982. item

Ursula K. Le Guin, The Wife's Story (1982)

9 George Orwell: Nineteen Eighty-Four

Discuss ways in which Orwell explores attitudes to rebellion in Nineteen Eighty-Four.

In your answer you should make connections and comparisons with the following passage, from a novel in which a would-be rebel meets his underground contact, Snowflake. [30]

© I Levin, This Perfect Day (1969), Constable & Robinson, page unknown, 2014. Item removed due to third party copyright restrictions.

Ira Levin, This Perfect Day (1969)

Did you touch any scanners?: In this dystopia people must touch every scanner they pass to be identified.

10 Virginia Woolf: Mrs Dalloway

Discuss ways in which Woolf presents the impact of the First World War in Mrs Dalloway.

In your answer you should make connections and comparisons with the following passage, an extract from a novel in which a British officer experiences shell-shock. [30]

A large cannon, nearer than the one that had lately spoken, but as it were with a larger but softer voice, remarked: 'Phohhhhhhhhhh,' the sound wandering round the landscape for a long while. After a time about four coupled railway-trains hurtled jovially amongst the clouds and went a long way away. Four in one. They were probably trying to impress the North Sea.

It might of course be the signal for the German barrage to begin. Tietjens' heart stopped; his skin on the nape of the neck began to prickle: his hands were cold. That was fear: the BATTLE FEAR, experienced in *strafes*. He might not again be able to hear himself think. Not ever. What did he want of life? . . . Well, just not to lose his reason. One would pray: not that . . . Otherwise, perhaps a nice parsonage¹ might do. It was just thinkable. A place in which for ever to work at the theory of waves . . . But of course it was not thinkable . . .

Perhaps the *strafe*² would not come. He hoped it would not. He did not want a *strafe* with himself in command of the battalion. He did not know what to do: what he ought to do by the book. He knew what he would do. He would stroll about along those deep trenches. Stroll. With his hands in his pockets. Like General Gordon³ in pictures.

Ford Madox Ford, A Man Could Stand Up (1926)

parsonage: a house provided for a clergyman of the Church of England.

strafe: to rake ground troops with gunfire at close range.

³ General Gordon: a Victorian soldier who died bravely at Khartoum in 1885.

11 Mohsin Hamid: The Reluctant Fundamentalist

Discuss ways in which Mohsin Hamid explores the difficulty of adjusting to America in *The Reluctant Fundamentalist.*

In your answer you should make connections and comparisons with the following passage, taken from a novel about Pakistani immigrants in the United States. [30]

My parents made me smile. My small bespectacled father—meager lab technician—and my short-haired mother who stayed at home and raised me. They had come to America through luck, by having their name called in the immigration lottery. Because it was chance that brought them here, they always lived in fear of chance turning against them. The first job my father got, he held it, and the first role my mother had, that of raising me, she held that. Every now and then they would talk, in quiet tones, about launching a business, or aiming for another job, or getting financing for a house, but would veto¹ themselves. "That's risky," my mother would say. "It's chancy," my father would add. That would be that.

The one thing they believed in was the myth of American meritocracy. That seemed to them to be utterly devoid of risk. "America is the only place in the world where performance trumps blood," my father said to me often, even if the stories we heard every day contradicted his belief. My parents were convinced that if I performed well in all the tests that America gives its children, then I would be able to reach the highest echelon of society. I was their one risk-free investment. And I was happy to say that as long as they were alive I more or less vindicated them. I did well in school, got a scholarship to college, and, after only a short period of aimlessness, found a stable job where I received a stable paycheck. I had done everything they had ever dreamed for me.

My decision to marry Marie-Anne was the only thing my parents ever questioned—because they thought it was a risky thing for a non-white to marry a white.

Ali Eteraz, *Native Believer* (2016)

END OF QUESTION PAPER

veto: to refuse to allow or approve something.

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